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Define intellectual property law, also discuss the historical evolution of copyright act 1957.

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Intellectual property law refers to the legal framework that protects and regulates the ownership and use of intangible assets such as inventions, literary and artistic works, trademarks, and trade secrets. It is designed to encourage innovation and creativity by providing a system of exclusive rights to creators and innovators, thereby incentivizing them to create and innovate.

The Copyright Act of 1957 is an important piece of intellectual property law in India that governs the protection of literary, artistic, and musical works. The Act replaced the earlier Indian Copyright Act of 1914 and brought the Indian law in line with international copyright standards.

The historical evolution of the Copyright Act of 1957 can be traced back to the British colonial era, when the Indian Copyright Act of 1914 was enacted. This Act provided for copyright protection for literary and musical works, but it did not cover artistic works such as paintings and sculptures. In 1952, a committee was set up by the Indian government to review the existing copyright law and recommend changes.

Based on the recommendations of the committee, the Copyright Act of

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1957 was passed. This Act extended copyright protection to all original literary, artistic, musical, and cinematographic works, regardless of whether they were published or unpublished. It also introduced the concept of copyright registration, which allowed creators to register their works with the Copyright Office to establish their ownership rights.

Over the years, the Copyright Act of 1957 has been amended several times to address new forms of creative works and emerging technologies. The most recent amendment was in 2012, which brought the Indian copyright law in line with the digital age and provided for new rights and exceptions for digital content.

In summary, the historical evolution of the Copyright Act of 1957 reflects the changing nature of creative works and technologies, as well as the need to provide effective protection for creators and innovators. The Act has played an important role in promoting creativity and innovation in India, while also ensuring that creators are able to protect their intellectual property rights.